Effect of Pre-Strain on Nitinol Fatigue Life

Ich Ong

Lot Vien

Daniel Madamba

Karthikeyan Senthilnathan

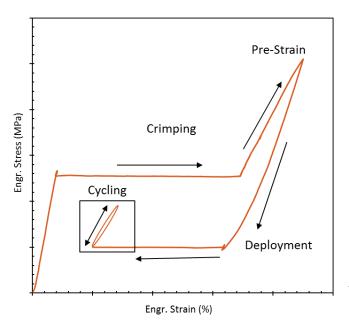
Tom Duerig

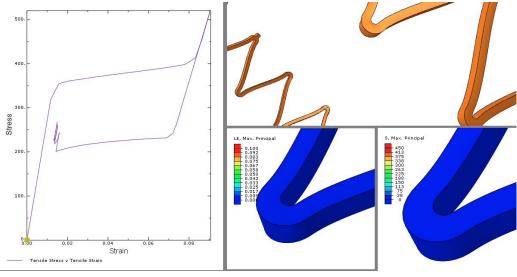
Ali Shamimi

Nitinol Devices & Components, Fremont, CA



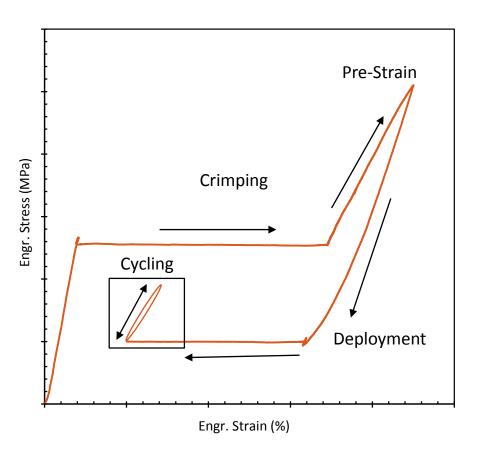
Duty Cycle – Crimp, Deploy, and Pulse

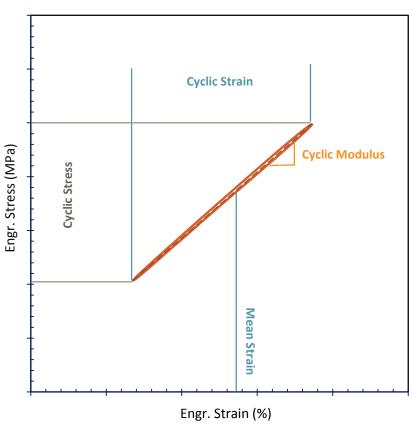




Credit: Craig Bonsignore

Duty Cycle – Definition of Pre-, Mean, and Cyclic





Outline

- Pre-Strain and ε N Plot
- Macroscopic Changes
- Microscopic Changes
- Possible Mechanisms
- Punch Line

Fatigue Test – Parameters

- Material: Ni_{50.8}Ti_{49.2} Wire ; Af: 8°C
- Dogbone Samples

Diameter: 0.22 mm

Gauge Length: 27 mm

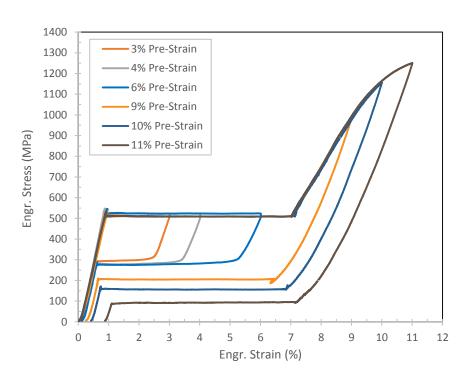
Loading Type: Tension – Tension

Mean Strain: 2%

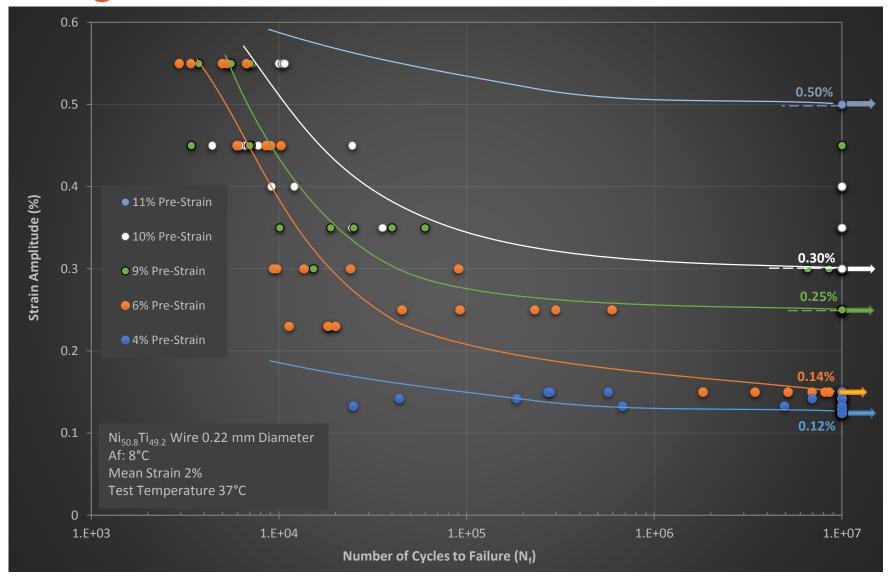
Test Temperature: 37°C

• Sample Size: ≥ 5

Run out: 10M Cycles



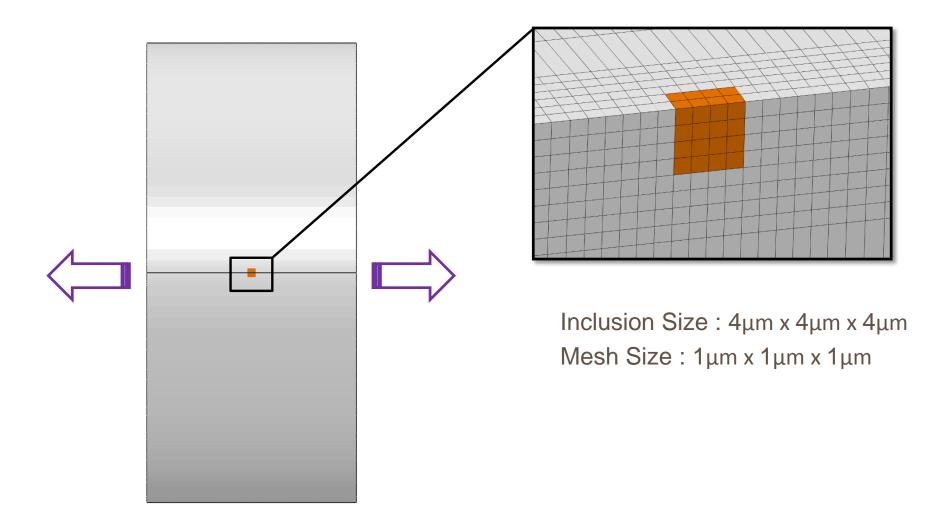
Fatigue Results – Effect of Pre-Strain on ε – N



Fatigue Improvement – Possible Mechanisms

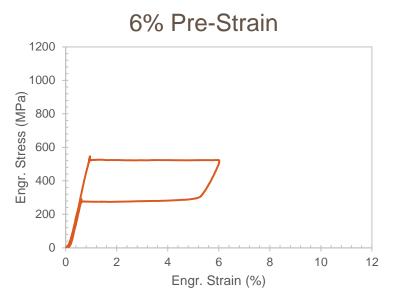
- Change in Residual Stress
 - Stress State
 - Inclusions
- Change in Properties
 - Hysteresis
 - Cyclic Modulus
 - Mean Stress

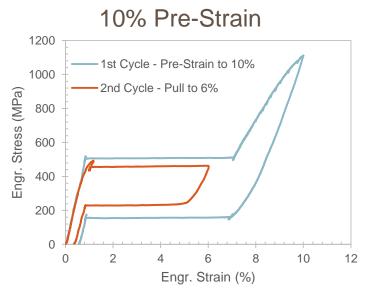
Possible Mechanisms – Change in Residual Stresses

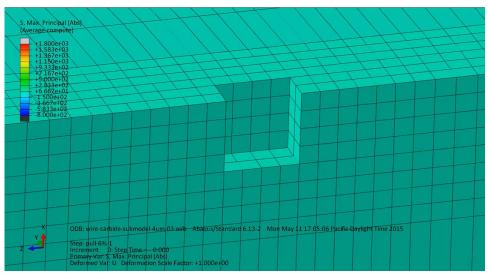


Credit: Karthikeyan Senthilnathan

Change in Residual Stresses - Comparison

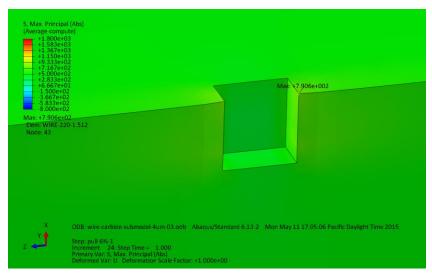




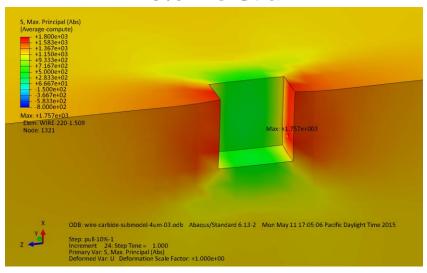


Change in Residual Stresses – Pre-Strain

6% Pre-Strain



10% Pre-Strain



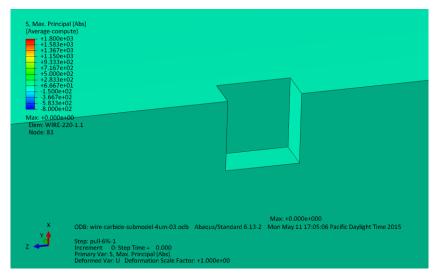
Max. Stress 790 MPa

Max. Stress 1757 MPa

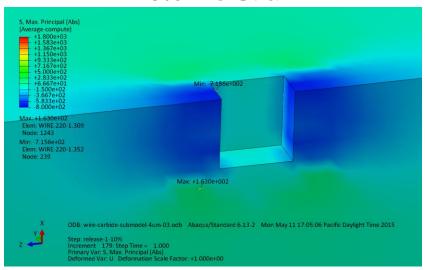


Change in Residual Stresses – Released

6% Pre-Strain



10% Pre-Strain



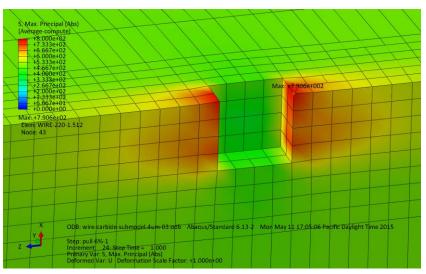
Max. Stress

0 MPa

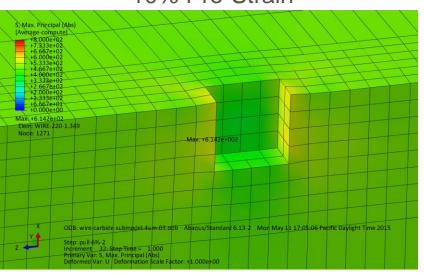
Max. Stress
-715 MPa

Change in Residual Stresses – Pull to 6%

6% Pre-Strain



10% Pre-Strain



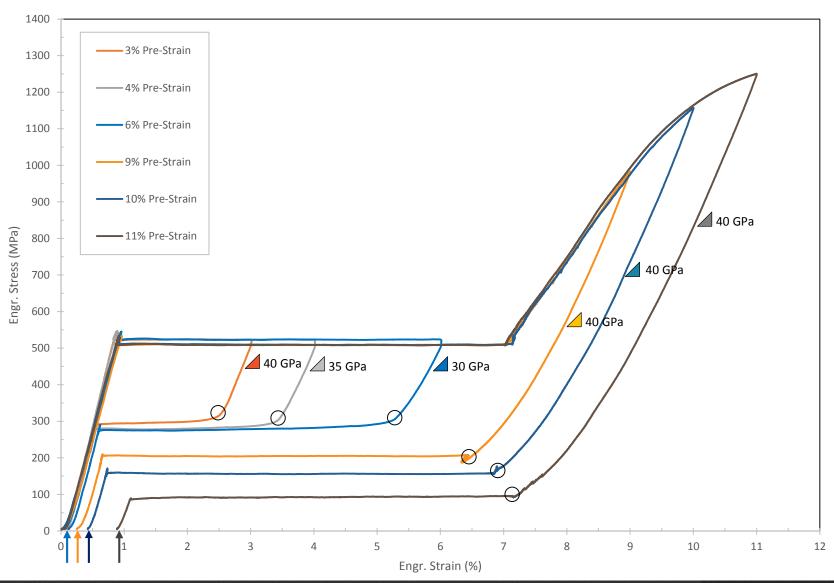
Max. Stress

790 MPa

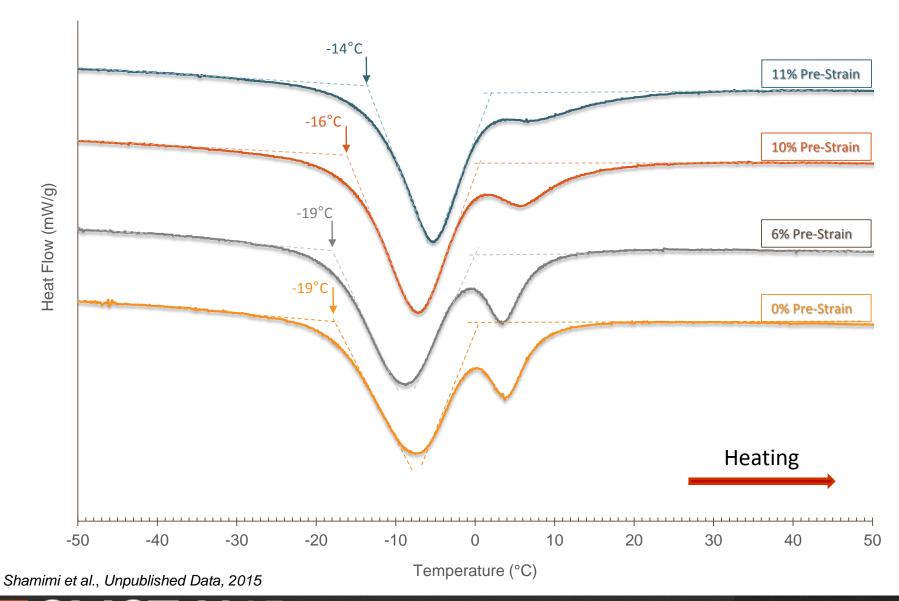
Max. Stress

614 MPa

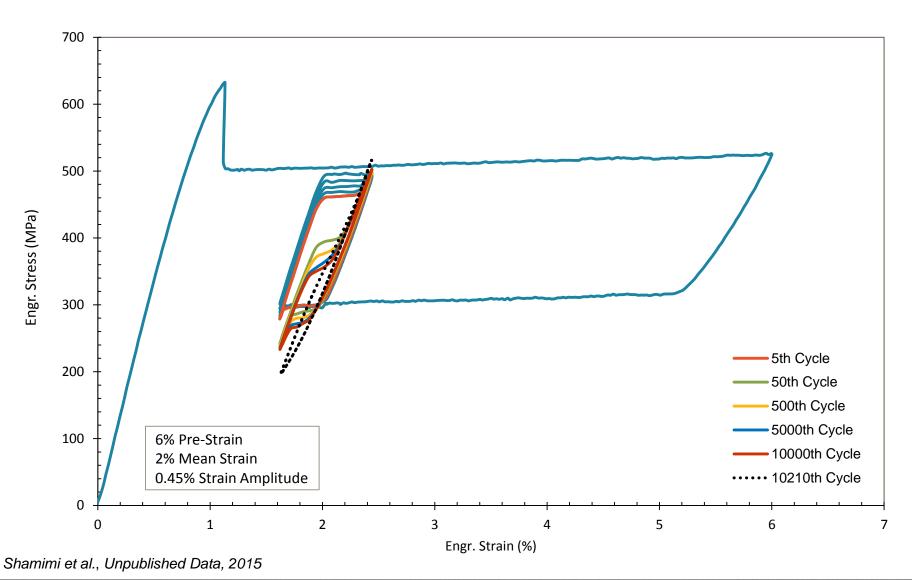
Possible Mechanisms – Change in Properties



DSC – Effect of Pre-Strain

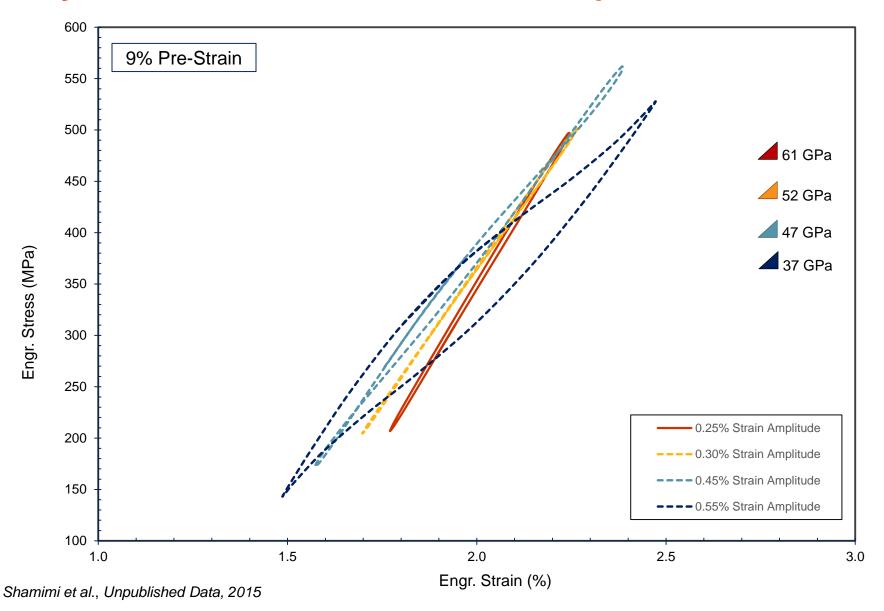


Cyclic Hardening – Strain Controlled

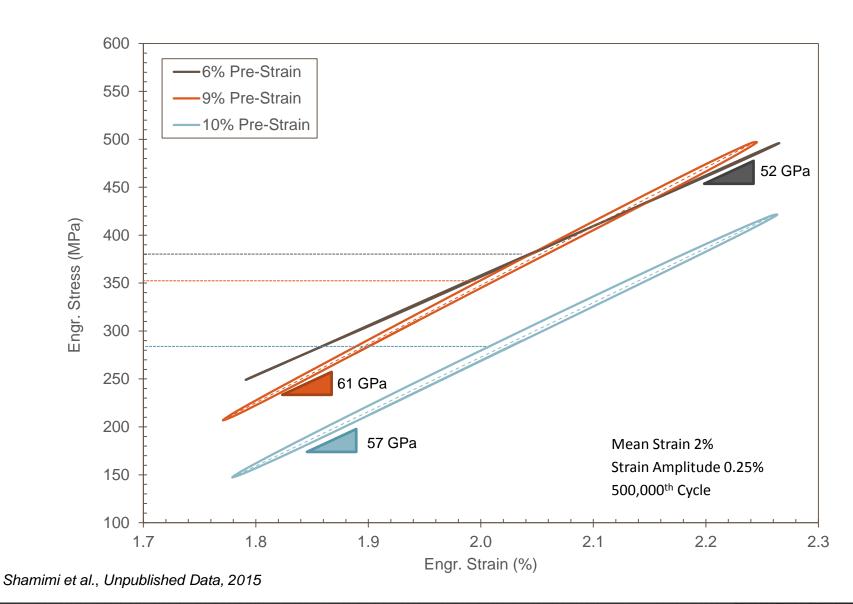




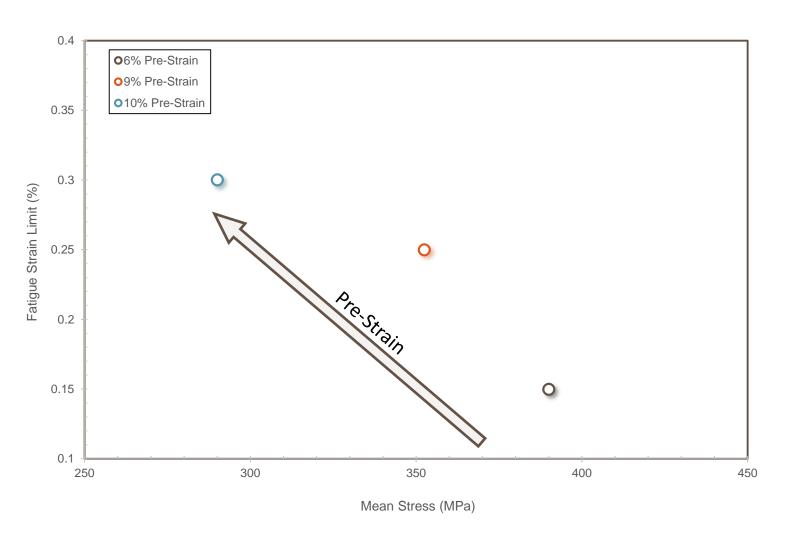
Cyclic Modulus – Effect of Strain Amplitude



Mean Stress– Effect of Pre-Strain



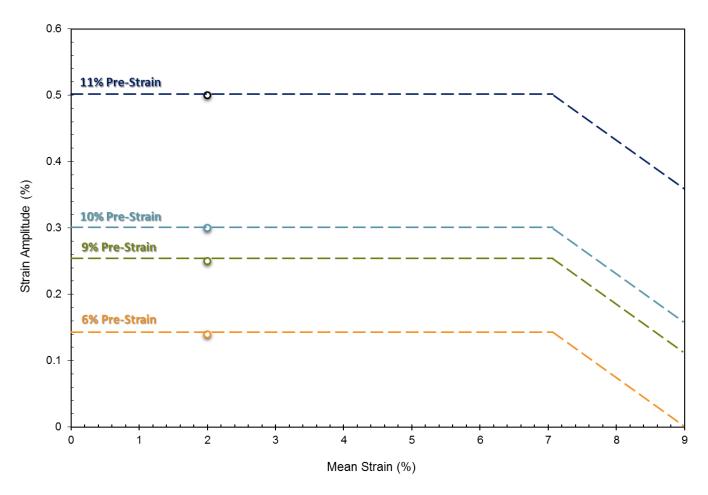
Mean Stress- Effect of Pre-Strain



Conclusion

- Pre-Straining (up to 11%) Improves Fatigue life in Tension-Tension
- Pre-Straining Generates Compressive Residual Stresses around Inclusions Resulting in a Reduced Stress State, Hence Delaying Crack Initiation Process
- Pre-Straining Decreases the Mean Stress

Pre Straining Significantly Affects the Strain Limit Diagram



Stay Tuned!...."Sensitivity of Nitinol Fatigue Strain on Material Inputs in Finite Element Analysis" On Wednesday @ 12:00